Recommendation	DHHS or FSV	Response	Information demonstrating that the recommended intervention is/ will be implemented.	
1.				
A) Family Safety Victoria	FSV	The	MARAM Practice Guides	
work with the Blue Knot Foundation to review the behaviour change program for opportunities to embed trauma-informed principles and practices		recommendation will be part- implemented and an alternative to the Coroner's recommendation is already being implemented.	<ul> <li>Family Safety Victoria (FSV) is well progressed in the development of the MARAM Practice Guides for professionals working with perpetrators of family violence. The scope of this work will include working with perpetrators of family violence with a trauma-informed lens (where applicable).</li> <li>FSV is working with the Interdepartmental Committee on Suicide Prevention and the Mildura place-based suicide prevention trial reference group to develop and include this content into the perpetrator-focused MARAM reform program.</li> <li>When this guidance is complete, it will be implemented by prescribed organisations regulated under the Family Violence Protection Act to align to the MARAM Framework.</li> <li>FSV will update the Behaviour Change Program standards with a view to alignment to MARAM, which will include the component of trauma-informed practice.</li> <li>FSV will include Blue Knot Foundation as a critical friend in the review of the revised program standards following their MARAM alignment to ensure it reflects trauma-informed practices.</li> </ul>	
B) To improve the safety of	FSV	The Coroner's	MARAM Practice Guides	
the men who engage in		recommendation	FSV's development of MARAM Practice Guides for professionals working	
family violence behaviour		has OR will be	with perpetrators of family violence has a core part of its scope a focus	
change programs, the Family		implemented.	on teaching about the co-occurrence of risk factors underpinning	
Safety Victoria Minimum			likelihood of suicide and family violence perpetration. The Practice	
Standards should include:			Guides will include identification, assessment and management of	
			suicide as a component of family violence perpetration in the process of	
i. Active and explicit			identification, assessment and management of risk. This will consider	
discussion about suicidal			identification and response to:	

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thinking in the program			<ul> <li>Risk to self (self harm and suicide ideation)</li> </ul>
interventions and material;			<ul> <li>Risk to victim survivors (homicide ideation)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Risk of threats of self harm and suicide as coercive control to a</li> </ul>
ii. Assessment for suicide			victim survivor.
risk at entry and regular			This guidance is intended to put a 'safety net' of mental health and
review throughout the			wellbeing response in place for all people suspected or assessed as using
program;			family violence to provide support akin to suicide first aid for all
			perpetrators alongside family violence risk management interventions.
iii. Use of a screening tool			This guidance will also provide strong emphasis on referral for mental
for a mood disorder as part			health assessment (ref (iii)) where the professional is not a mental health
of assessment; and			expert and needs support in assessment of mood disorders. Information
			sharing and referral will be a key part of increasing support, as well as
iv. Include as part of the			keeping perpetrators connected and in view of the service system to
program, a mental and			identify change or escalation of risk.
physical health focus with			When this guidance is complete, it will be implemented by organisations
connection to a participant's			prescribed under regulation under the Family Violence Protection Act to
local general practitioner.			align to the MARAM Framework. This will include Men's Behaviour
			Change Programs.
2.			
A) To reduce the suicide of	DHHS	The Coroner's	Consideration will be given to targeted public awareness raising strategies.
men through the promotion		recommendation is	Below are some examples of initiatives currently underway that align with the
of help-seeking, develop		under	objectives of this recommendation:
public awareness raising		consideration.	
strategies that:			
			Place-based Suicide Prevention Trials
i. Are inclusive of all men			Mildura
and promote early help-			Supporting local police members to become Applied Suicide Intervention
seeking as normal and			Skills Training (ASIST) facilitators, allowing wider implementation of this
appropriate;			gatekeeper training within Victoria Police and also within the community.
			Capacity building of local system via upskilling clinicians across the
ii. Target times in a man's			stepped model of care with the Collaborative Assessment & Management
life when he is likely more			of Suicidality (CAMS) Framework.
vulnerable, including			
i vuillerable, illelauling			

relationship breakdowns,		
and advice of what services		
are available and how to		
access them;		

- iii. Explore the problems associated with a reliance on alcohol to manage distress and such things as sadness, poor sleep and increased stress; and
- iv. Promote addiction services to men as an accessible and appropriate option in circumstances when substance use is contributing to anger, aggression and violence.

- Targeted work arising from 2019 postvention learnings: intervention options, for those interacting with police/justice system and/or family violence services. Includes contribution of advice to FSV for the development of MARAM Framework Practice Guidelines – Perpetrator Focus.
- Work with Mallee Sexual Assault and Domestic Violence Unit re suicide prevention capacity building for staff.
- Targeted QPR promotion to male oriented workplaces and gendered advertising strategy on social media; planned engagement with Richmond Football Club towards mental health capacity for sporting clubs in 2021)

## #thehumancode (Macedon Ranges)

Recognising that suicide disproportionately impacts on men (and men are less likely to seek help for mental health issues until they reach crisis point), the trial is working with Orygen to undertake a community survey of 1000 members which helps us to understand how the attitudes and behaviours of boys and men in Macedon Ranges align to outdated masculine stereotypes which we know are harmful to the health of men and everyone in community. The survey will be further supported through community and stakeholder interviews and focus groups (Phase 1). Based on the data collected, piloting of community interventions will be funded through VicHealth (Phase 2).

# HALT (North West Melbourne)

- Working in partnership with SEMPHN on the Hope Assistance Local Tradies (HALT) program that works with tradies delivering presentations on mental health and suicide. Vast majority are males who engage with the program.
- There are currently two workers allocated to the NWMPHN catchment.

### Whittlesea

Sons of the West in the North (SOTWIN) (includes a working group).
 SOTWIN is a men's health program structured to deliver one hour of

physical activity and one hour of health literacy per week to a target group of men (age 26-76) over a ten-week period. Western Bulldogs Community Foundation (WBCF) will be funded to deliver the 2020 program in partnership with the working group. The operational working group has been refreshed and consists of the following organisations; LifeConnect, Whittlesea Council, EMPHN, WBCF.

## Grit and Resilience program

 Grit and Resilience Program is a strength based, population health approach that examines existing protective factors for good mental health within the community and supports community-driven and designed innovation to increase those protective factors, with one indicator being a reduction in suicide across the municipality. Young people, Aboriginal people, and males are a priority focus of the program.

## Frankston and Mornington Peninsula and Southern Melbourne Area:

- HALT (Hope Assistance Local Tradies) (early investment through the
  place-based trial and now Commonwealth funded) facilitates online and
  in-person events with local trades people (of all genders, though with a
  significant male following). HALT aims to raise awareness about mental
  health and suicidality and signpost Tradies to local services. Within this
  program, HALT engage local GP's and mental health services to provide
  information and training on the specific needs of trades people,
  particularly in terms of the barriers to men receiving mental health care.
- THRIVE program (run by Saint Kilda Football club) is seeking to pilot the
  principles of positive psychology in Sport and Recreation clubs. Sport and
  Rec clubs were targeted as places where men of all ages engage. Building
  from the momentum of THRIVE in Schools in the Langwarrin region, the
  THRIVE coordinator is engaging local clubs to provide support and
  capacity building on the THRIVE principles to better equip clubs to
  nurture their members' wellbeing and manage both suicidality and
  postvention.

 In Southern Melbourne Area, suicide prevention capacity building has been delivered with South Sudanese Faith and community leaders. This work has been delivered by Roses in the Ocean through their TouchPoints workshops.

## Hospital Outreach Post-suicidal Engagement (HOPE)

- The Department of Health and Human Services and Mental Health Reform Victoria (MHRV) are working together to implement the Royal Commission's recommendation for state-wide expansion of the Hospital Outreach Post-suicidal Engagement (HOPE) program to all area mental Health services with consistent common elements, expanded referral pathways (to include case managed clients) extended service hours and clinical outreach from regional HOPE teams to subregional health services.
- As part of this expansion HOPE services are expected to facilitate links to community services including family violence services and AoD services as required.
- The Royal Commission has also noted that all HOPE teams should be formally trained in family violence assessment and management to respond appropriately.

### Alcohol research and information services

- The department provides funding to VicHealth to address harmful alcohol
  use, through research and culture change interventions for high-risk male
  drinkers. VicHealth recently launched a campaign aimed at middle-aged
  men who are at risk of experiencing alcohol harms during a pandemic.
  The campaign encourages men to seek advice and support through an
  evidence-based digital alcohol program.
- Alcohol and Drug Foundation is funded by the department to provide alcohol and other drug information services to the general public. This includes Drug Facts, DrugInfo helpline, Text the Effects, a

			dedicated AOD library, and regular information bulletins to inform professionals and the general community about the causes and impacts of alcohol and other drug use. ADF recently delivered a series of alcohol harm reduction campaigns to address increased alcohol use as a result of COVID-19. This campaign supports individuals to reduce alcohol harms by identifying signs of problematic use, strategies for change and pathways to support.  Suicide Data Linkage Project  The purpose of the linkage project is to obtain a better understanding of the health and health service utilisation of people who die by suicide This information will be used to identify risk factors for suicide and potential gaps in service provision, under-utilisation of services by those who need it or lack of follow-up for those who have been identified as having suicide risk. Recommendations from the research will seek to improve service provision and accessibility for those at risk.  For phase three of the linkage study, additional datasets will be included from child protection, family support and family violence.
			Trom crina protection, running support and running violence.
3.			
The Department of Health and Human Services and	FSV & DHHS	The Coroner's recommendation	<ul> <li>MARAM Practice Guides</li> <li>This recommendation will be addressed through the implementation of</li> </ul>
Family Safety Victoria work together with organisations who provide behaviour change programs for men, professional bodies, social services, mental health services, and with particular emphasis on involvement of general practitioners and	33	will be implemented.	<ul> <li>This recommendation will be addressed through the implementation of the perpetrator-focused MARAM Practice Guides. Significantly, services across the behaviour change programs for men, professional bodies, social services, mental health services, and addiction services are already prescribed to align to MARAM and authorised to share risk-relevant information under FVISS.</li> <li>In April 2021, this will also include prescription of general practitioners under the MARAM and FVISS reforms.</li> </ul>

addiction services, develop
addiction services, develop
practical information about
the relationship between
angry behaviours, violence
and associated suicide risk.
The information should
focus on practical
interventions and strategies
for men who have anger
and/or with angry
behaviours, and include
when and where to seek
specialist advice.

- The MARAM will include identification, assessment and safety planning, information sharing and referral/secondary consultation (with guidance including key facets of suicide first aid) – as a baseline response to all people identified as using violence, regardless of the level of risk that has been identified.
- GPs are not yet mandated to use MARAM, but will be in 2021 (practice guidelines are available publicly).
- The Office of the Chief Psychiatrist (OCP) is committed to supporting a learning agenda on family violence. OCP are currently working with the MARAM Implementation branch of DHHS and Family Safety Victoria – Centre for Workforce Excellence to ensure integration of efforts to support best practice. This includes providing support to Victorian mental health services in relation to embedding mandatory MARAM training for all workforce as an entry requirement.
- The OCP also undertook work to ensure that the MARAM framework is integrated into the Chief Psychiatrist Guideline for working together with families and carers, and all policy reviews to ensure that workforce are better resourced to respond in keeping with the Royal Commission into Family Violence findings. OCP are currently undertaking a robust review of the Chief Psychiatrist's guideline and practice resource: family violence which engages across government, clinical and professional education and regulatory bodies.

#### **Chief Mental Health Nurse**

- The Chief Mental Health Nurse Workforce team are currently supporting the implementation of three further initiatives to contribute to workforce training and development:
  - 1. Training in working with perpetrators of family violence in partnership with Forensicare

- 2. Implementation of specialist Family Violence workers in mental health and drug and alcohol which is a specialist role to build sector capacity.
- 3. Establishment of the Centre for Mental Health Learning and supported its specialist role in delivering family violence resources and modules.
- Due to the impact of Covid-19 on the scheduled workplan, the focus has been to work with the sector, including partner professional bodies, consumers and carers, to identify risks and issues and to escalate these as part of cross government COVID-19 response to Family Violence.
- It is anticipated that review and monitoring of outcomes in relation to the shared commitment to a family violence learning agenda will form part of activities in 2021. The team will continue to develop the crossgovernment networks and links to ensure that this work is integrated appropriately with the work of the MARAM Implementation branch and Family Safety Victoria, Centre for workforce excellence.

## **Decriminalisation of public drunkenness**

• The Victorian government has committed to repeal the offences related to public drunkenness. The department will lead a two-year trial to deliver a health-based response for people who are intoxicated in public and are at risk to themselves or others. This model recognises that high complexity cohorts will have specific needs that drive their drinking patterns (for example, people who are homeless, and those who have or are at risk of experiencing violence as a perpetrator or victim). As part of the trial, sobering services will be established to provide a safe place for recovery, with referral to mental health, addiction and other health services as required.

**AOD Specialist Family Violence Advisor Program** 

- The AOD Specialist Family Violence Advisor Program was developed in response to recommendations 98 and 99 of the 2016 Royal Commission into Family Violence. These recommendations established specialist family violence advisors to provide expertise to major mental health and alcohol and other drug (AOD) services and to encourage all three sectors to collaborate through the promotion of shared casework models.
- The AOD Specialist Family Violence Advisors provide expertise and support for workers in the AOD sector within their catchment to identify and respond to family violence with their clients including men who use violence and have AOD issues. The focus involves supporting the development of more integrated service responses between AOD and family violence services through a broad set of activities. These activities aim to improve service and system development; practice development and knowledge sharing, and workforce development and support in an effort to enable earlier recognition and appropriate responses to those both experiencing and using family violence.

#### **U-Turn**

In 2019-20, the government provided \$165,000 to trial U-Turn, an
innovative men's behaviour change group program that responds to
recommendations of the Royal Commission into Family Violence. This
court-referred 15-week early intervention program is targeted at male
perpetrators of family violence who currently or historically have misused
alcohol or other drugs.

#### AOD and PHN collaboration

 The department is currently working with Primary Health Networks to strengthen alcohol screening in primary care settings. This includes identifying strategies and resources to support GPs to conduct alcohol screening, brief interventions and referrals to appropriate services.

Hospital Outreach Post-suicidal Engagement (HOPE)

	•	There is an opportunity for DHHS and FSV to work with new and existing HOPE services to facilitate referral pathways with organisations who provide behaviour change programs for men, professional bodies, social services, mental health services, and general practitioners and addiction services.  There is an opportunity for HOPE teams to have training on practical interventions and strategies for men who have anger and/or with angry behaviours and include when and where to seek specialist advice.
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